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#### **NEW QUESTION: 1**

You have a Microsoft ASP.NET Web application. The application connects to a Microsoft SQL Server database. The database has a table named Product.

You write the following code segment to create a stored procedure named AddProduct.

```

CREATE PROCEDURE AddProduct
@Name VARCHAR(50)
AS
BEGIN
INSERT INTO Product(Name) VALUES(@Name);
RETURN SCOPE_IDENTITY();
END;
GO

```

You write the following code segment that will call the procedure to add a product. (Line numbers are included for reference only.)

```

01 Int32 newProdID = 0;
02 using (SqlConnection conn = new SqlConnection(connString))
03 {
04 conn.Open();
05 SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand(
06 "AddProduct", conn);
07 cmd.CommandType = CommandType.StoredProcedure;
08 cmd.Parameters.Add("@Name", SqlDbType.VarChar);
09 cmd.Parameters["@Name"].Value = newName;
11 }

```

You need to retrieve the product ID of the new product. Which code segment should you insert at line 10?

- A.** try { newProdID = (Int32)cmd.ExecuteNonQuery(); } catch (Exception ex) { }
- B.** cmd.Parameters.Add("@RETURN\_VALUE", SqlDbType.Int); cmd.Parameters["@RETURN\_VALUE"].Direction = ParameterDirection.ReturnValue; try { cmd.ExecuteNonQuery(); newProdID = (Int32)cmd.Parameters["@RETURN\_VALUE"].Value; } catch (Exception ex) { }
- C.** cmd.Parameters.Add("@RETURN\_VALUE", SqlDbType.Int); cmd.Parameters["@RETURN\_VALUE"].Direction=ParameterDirection.Output; try { cmd.ExecuteNonQuery(); newProdID = (Int32)cmd.Parameters["@RETURN\_VALUE"].Value; } catch (Exception ex) { }
- D.** try { newProdID = (Int32)cmd.ExecuteScalar(); } catch (Exception ex) { }

**Answer: D**

### NEW QUESTION: 2

Which four of these key points should be considered during implementation of PPPoA architecture? (Choose four)

- A.** The number of subscribers that will be serviced currently and in the future because this affects the number of required PPPoA sessions
- B.** The capacity of ATM and Frame Relay interworking on the NSP
- C.** Whether the service provider or the final service destination is providing the IP address to the CPE of the subscriber
- D.** In the case of more than one user, whether all users need to reach the same final destination or service, or they all have

different service destinations

**E.** The types of applications that the NSP offers to the end subscriber

**Answer: A,C,D,E**

Explanation:

Implementation Considerations for PPPoA Architecture

The number of subscribers that will be serviced currently and in the future, as this affects the number of required PPP sessions.

Whether the PPP sessions are being terminated at the service provider aggregation router or forwarded to other corporate gateways or Internet Service Providers (ISPs).

Whether the service provider or the final service destination is providing the IP address to the subscriber's CPE.

Whether the IP addresses provided are legal public or private.

Is the CPE going to do NAT/PAT or

will NAT be performed at the termination destination?

Profiles of end subscribers, residential users, small office home office (SOHO) customers, and telecommuters.

In the case of more than one user, whether all users need to reach the same final destination or service, or they all have different service destinations.

Is the service provider providing any value added services like voice or video? Does the service provider require all subscribers to first go to a particular network before reaching a final

destination? When subscribers use SSG, are they going to use passthrough services, PPP

Terminated Aggregation (PTA), a mediation device, or proxy?

How the service provider bills subscribers-based on a flat rate, per session usage, or services used.

Deployment and provisioning of CPEs, DSLAMs and aggregation points of presence (POPs).

The business model for the NAP. Does the model also include selling wholesale services like

secure corporate access and value added services like voice and video? Are NAPs and NSPs the same entity?

The business model of the company. Is it comparable to an independent local exchange carrier

(ILEC), a competitive local exchange carrier (CLEC) or an ISP?

The types of applications the NSP will offer to the end subscriber.

The anticipated upstream and downstream volume of data flow.

Keeping these points in mind, we will discuss how the PPPoA architecture will fit and scale to

different business models for service providers and how the providers can benefit using this

architecture.

### NEW QUESTION: 3

The implementations group has been using the test bed to do a 'proof-of-concept' that requires both Client 1 and Client 2 to access the WEB Server at 209.65.200.241. After several changes to the network addressing, routing scheme, DHCP services, NTP services, layer 2 connectivity, FHRP services, and device security, a trouble ticket has been opened indicating that Client 1 cannot ping the 209.65.200.241 address.

Use the supported commands to isolated the cause of this fault and answer the following questions.

What is the solution to the fault condition?

- A. Redistribute the BGP route into OSPF using the redistribute BGP 65001 subnet command.
- B. Enable OSPF routing on the s0/0/0 interface using the network 209.65.200.0 0.0.0.255 area 12 command.
- C. Enable OSPF routing on the s0/0/0 interface using the network 10.1.1.0 0.0.0.255 area 12 command.
- D. Enable OSPF authentication on the s0/0/0 interface using the ip ospf authentication message-digest command

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

Explanation

Explanation:

On R1, for IPV4 authentication of OSPF the command is missing and required to configure----- ip ospf authentication message-digest

Topic9, Ticket 4 : BGP Neighbor

Topology Overview (Actual Troubleshooting lab design is for below network design)

- \* Client Should have IP 10.2.1.3
- \* EIGRP 100 is running between switch DSW1 & DSW2
- \* OSPF (Process ID 1) is running between R1, R2, R3, R4
- \* Network of OSPF is redistributed in EIGRP
- \* BGP 65001 is configured on R1 with Webserver cloud AS 65002
- \* HSRP is running between DSW1 & DSW2 Switches

The company has created the test bed shown in the layer 2 and layer 3 topology exhibits.

This network consists of four routers, two layer 3 switches and two layer 2 switches.

In the IPv4 layer 3 topology, R1, R2, R3, and R4 are running OSPF with an OSPF process number 1.

DSW1, DSW2 and R4 are running EIGRP with an AS of 10.

Redistribution is enabled where necessary.

R1 is running a BGP AS with a number of 65001. This AS has an eBGP connection to AS 65002 in the ISP's network. Because the company's address space is in the private range.

R1 is also providing NAT translations between the inside (10.1.0.0/16 & 10.2.0.0/16) networks and outside (209.65.0.0/24) network.

ASW1 and ASW2 are layer 2 switches.

NTP is enabled on all devices with 209.65.200.226 serving as the master clock source.

The client workstations receive their IP address and default

gateway via R4's DHCP server.

The default gateway address of 10.2.1.254 is the IP address of HSRP group 10 which is running on DSW1 and DSW2.

In the IPv6 layer 3 topology R1, R2, and R3 are running OSPFv3 with an OSPF process number 6.

DSW1, DSW2 and R4 are running RIPng process name RIP\_ZONE.

The two IPv6 routing domains, OSPF 6 and RIPng are connected via GRE tunnel running over the underlying IPv4 OSPF domain.

Redistribution is enabled where necessary.

Recently the implementation group has been using the test bed to do a 'proof-of-concept' on several implementations. This involved changing the configuration on one or more of the devices. You will be presented with a series of trouble tickets related to issues introduced during these configurations.

Note: Although trouble tickets have many similar fault indications, each ticket has its own issue and solution.

Each ticket has 3 sub questions that need to be answered & topology remains same.

Question-1 Fault is found on which device,

Question-2 Fault condition is related to,

Question-3 What exact problem is seen & what needs to be done for solution

Client is unable to ping IP 209.65.200.241

Solution

Steps need to follow as below:-

\* When we check on client 1 & Client 2 desktop we are not receiving DHCP address from R4 ipconfig ----- Client will be receiving IP address 10.2.1.3

\* IP 10.2.1.3 will be able to ping from R4 , R3, R2, R1

\* Look for BGP Neighbourship

Sh ip bgp summary ----- No O/P will be seen

\* Check for interface IP & ping IP 209.65.200.225 -----

Reply will be received from Webserver interface

\* Look for peering IP address via sh run on R1 interface serial 0/0/1

\* Since we are receiving icmp packets from Webserver interface on R1 so peering IP address under router BGP is configured wrong IP but with correct AS nos.

\* Change required: On R1 under router BGP Change neighbor 209.56.200.226 remote-as 65002 statement to neighbor 209.65.200.226 remote-as 65002

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